

## Record-keeping: Grapheme-Phoneme Correspondences (GPCs)

This is a list of the 44 phonemes of Standard Australian English; it is *not* a list of the 26 letters of the alphabet. While sharing rich, authentic text, we highlight a “target phoneme” and then determine, or discover, the graphemes that can represent that phoneme.

You may print this form to keep a record of the grapheme-phoneme correspondences you teach, and the context in which you taught them.

### Consonant phonemes

Phoneme	IPA symbol	Graphemes	Context / Date
/b/	b	Type to enter text b bear bb bubbles	Sample entry: <i>My Big Brother Boris 23 March</i>
Note: ‘c’ is not missing! The letter ‘c’ can be used as a grapheme to represent several phonemes (eg: /k/ in cat, /s/ in cent, both /s/ and /k/ in circus, /sh/ in ocean, /ch/ in cello)			
/ch/	tʃ <sup>1</sup>	ch chicken tch watch t picture	
/d/	d	d dog dd ladder ed rolled	
/f/	f	f fish ff coffee ph <sup>2</sup> phone ugh <sup>3</sup> laugh	

- 1** The IPA symbol tʃ shows that the phoneme /ch/ consists of two phones or sounds
- 2** <ph> indicates that the word comes from Greek (eg: phone, physics, sphere)
- 3** <ugh> indicates that the word comes from Old English (eg: laugh, cough, tough, enough)